

EXPLANATION OF PLATE XXIII.

- Fig. 1. Dorsal view, $\times 3$.
 Fig. 2. Antennule.
 Fig. 3. Antenna.
 Fig. 4. Left maxilla, inner side.
 Fig. 5. Part of left maxilla, outer side.
 Fig. 6. First maxilla, outer lobe.
 Fig. 7. First maxilla, inner lobe.
 Fig. 8. Left maxillipede.
 Fig. 9. Second thoracic appendage. *p.d.*, pit-like depression.
 Fig. 10 *a*. First right abdominal appendage.
 Fig. 10 *b*. Second right abdominal appendage.
 Fig. 11. Uropod from right side.

LXIV.—*A new Nycteris from N.W. Rhodesia.*

By KNUD ANDERSEN.

Nycteris woodi, sp. n.

A member of the *N. ethiopica* group (see Ann. & Mag. N. H. (8) x. p. 549, Nov. 1912), differing from the other representatives of the same group by its much smaller size and relatively longer ears, and from all other forms of the genus by having the fur of the underparts pure white, without any trace of darker bases to the hairs.

Forearm 42.5 mm.; ear from base of inner margin (relaxed) about 29. Skull, total length to front of canine 18.2; condylo-canine length 15.8; maxillary tooth-row (crowns) 6.

Type, skin and skull of an adult, Chilanga, N.W. Rhodesia, 4100', Nov. 1913, presented by R. C. Wood, Esq. B.M. 14. 4. 22. 2.

LXV.—*On small Mammals from Djarkent, Central Asia.*

By OLDFIELD THOMAS.

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THE British Museum owes to the generosity of the Hon. N. Charles Rothschild the donation of a series of upwards of 300 small mammals collected by Mr. W. Rückbeil at Djarkent, Semiretchensk, Central Asia, a place situated on the Uszek River, Middle Ili, at the western end of the Thian-shan Mountains. A few specimens were also obtained by